8.—Lengths of Channels and Lock Dimensions under the control of the Department of Transport, as at Dec. 31, 1919—concluded

Name	Location	Length of Channel	Locks			
			No.	Minimum Dimensions		
				Length	Width	Depth
Richelieu River—		miles		ft.	ft.	ft.
St. Ours	St. Ours, Que	0·12 11·78	1 9	339 120·5	45 23·25	12 6·5
Ottawa River— St. Anne	Junction of St. Lawrence and Ottawa			200		
Carillon	Rivers Carillon Rapids, Ottawa River Long Sault Rapids, Ottawa River	0·12 0·94 5·94	1 2 5	200 200 200	45 45 '45	9 9 9
Miscellaneous— Rideau	Ottawa to Kingston	123·53 6·82	47 2	134 134	33 33	5·5 5·5
Trent	Trenton to Peterborough Lock, Peterborough. Peterborough Lock to Swift Rapids. Swift Rapids to Big Chute ⁴ . Big Chute to Port Severn. Sturgeon Lake to Lindsay (Scugog	88·74 135·71 8·00 8·11	18 24 -	175 134 	33 33 25	83 6 6
	Branch)	10·00 25·00	1	142	33	6
Murray	Isthmus of Murray—Bay of Quinte	100000 00000	-			
St. Peters	St. Peters Bay to Bras d'Or Lakes, Cape Breton, N.S	0.50	1	300	48	186

¹ Navigable depths are occasionally less at times of extremely low water. ² Minimum depth between locks 23 ft. ³ Notice must be given by vessels of more than 6 ft. 10 in. draught. ⁴ Marine railways in this section limit navigation to vessels 60 ft. long, 13·5 ft. wide and 4 ft. draught. ⁵ Minimum depth of canal with Lake Ontario at elevation 244 ft. above sea level is 9·5 ft. ⁶ The depth of canal prism is 17 ft.

Canal Traffic.—The canals of Canada are open to the vessels and traffic of all nations upon equal terms and thus United States traffic constitutes an important part of the total carried through certain canals, especially the Welland Ship Canal. This is shown in Tables 9 and 19. More complete details of the traffic through canals may be found in the annual report, "Canal Statistics", published by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

9.—Traffic through Canadian Canals, by Nationality of Vessel and Origin of Freight, Navigation Seasons, 1939-49

Note.—Figures include duplications where cargoes use two or more canals. For Canadian canal traffic from 1886-99, see the 1902 Year Book, p. 398; for figures for 1900-10, the 1933 edition, p. 697; for 1911-35 p. 703 of the 1938 edition; and for 1936-38, p. 736 of the 1948-49 edition.

	Nationality of Vessel			Origin of Freight Carried					
Navi- gation Sea- son	Canadian		United States ¹		Canada		United States		Total
	Vessels	Registered Tonnage	Vessels	Registered Tonnage	Tons	P.C. of Total	Tons	P.C. of Total	Tons
	No.	No.	No.	No.					
1939. 1940. 1941. 1942. 1943. 1944. 1945. 1946. 1947. 1948.	24,768 23,646 24,418 22,150 20,855 20,780 21,064 17,199 18,542 19,859 21,724	18, 240, 632 18, 513, 994 20, 211, 209 18, 952, 917 18, 273, 304 18, 191, 826 19, 068, 308 16, 206, 415 18, 613, 576 19, 723, 768 20, 773, 831	2,757 3,194 3,456 3,751 2,617 1,911 1,553 1,794 2,332 2,784 2,495	3,095,648 4,056,089 5,420,815 8,404,363 5,686,958 4,541,575 3,426,069 3,221,008 3,796,293 4,219,539 3,260,038	14,150,305 12,257,336 10,334,174 7,764,804 7,838,429 8,002,746 10,491,263 8,904,733 10,288,481 11,169,714 14,800,509	60·5 53·6 44·1 37·2 36·5 38·8 47·0 47·7 47·8 47·4 60·7	9,240,772 10,613,217 13,119,193 13,134,835 13,637,765 12,612,761 11,829,136 9,750,186 11,225,458 12,389,599 9,573,243	39.5 46.4 55.9 62.8 63.5 61.2 53.0 52.3 52.2 52.6 39.3	23,391,077 22,870,553 23,453,367 20,899,639 21,476,194 20,615,507 22,320,399 18,654,919 21,513,939 23,5573,752

¹ Figures include a small percentage of vessels of other foreign nationalities.